

Gaining Access to Legacy I/O Devices with Android



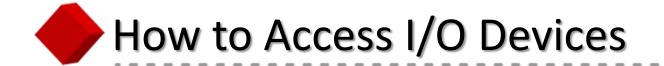
How to Access I/O devices

What is Smart ETK

Implementation of Smart ETK

Application of Smart ETK





- Android Framework and HAL
- Flow of I/O Access
- Introduction of JNI
- Sample
- Summary







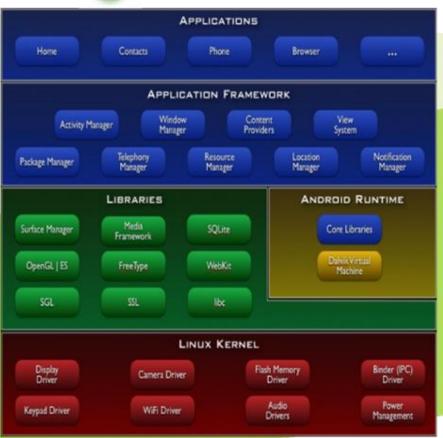




Android Framework



Conventional Four-Layer Framework



Application Layer

Provides Java-based user interface

Application Framework Layer

Provides interfaces, services and resource management for applications

System Runtime Layer

Provides shared libraries, Android runtime library and Dalvik virtual machine

Linux Kernel

Provides kernel level system services such as security, memory & process management, network stack and drivers

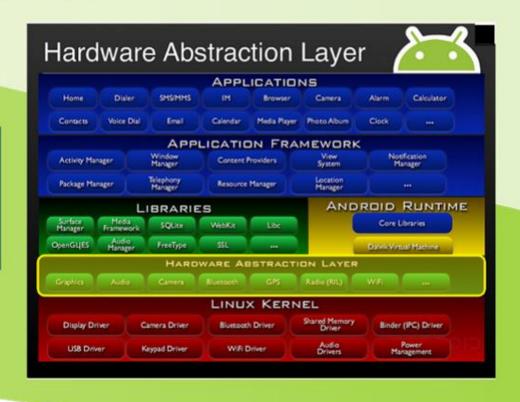






Android Framework with HAL

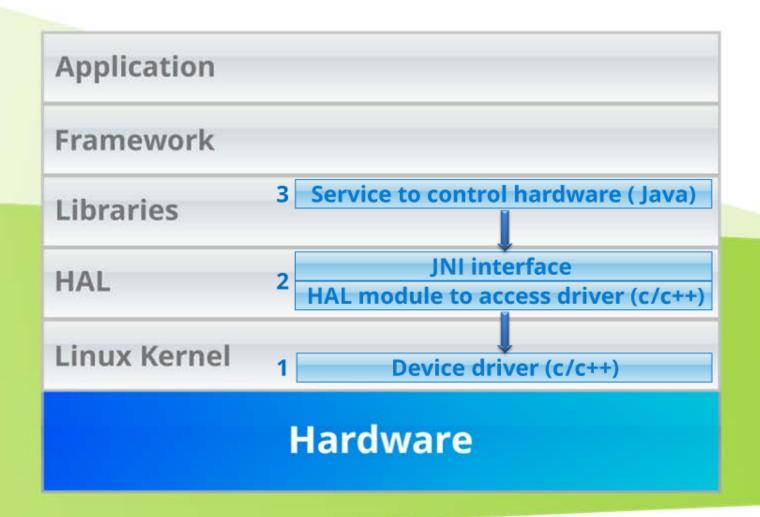
Package of Linux Kernel
Driver, Providing interface
upwards and shielding lower
implement details







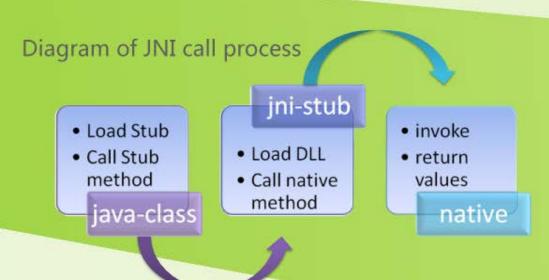
Flow of Access to I/O







Support mutual operation between Java and C or C++ running in JVM, or local assembly code



Implement JNI by c/c++ and practice objective native function by JNI. For Java, jvm indirectly calls objective native function by loading and calling JNI





Sample of reading and writing GPIO devices by JNI

Step 1: Compile .so files for GPIO driver

- a. Add GPIO.java files into Android project
 CPIO.java concludes the native interface running GPIO
- Use javah command on GPIO.java to generate XXX.h file javah -classpath bin/classes -d jni com.via.vepd.GPIO

```
Create com_via_vepd_GPIO.c file under Linux to implement the formerly defined interface:
    For example:
        jint JNICALL Java_com_via_vepd_ GPIO _ setEnable(JNIEnv *env, jobject c, jboolean enable)
        {
            int result;
            // do GPIO operation
            return result;
        }
        Use gcc to compile com_via_vepd_GPIO.c and generate libGPIO.so file
```





Sample of reading and writing GPIO devices by JNI

Step 2: Use driver library files in application

- a. Add libSmartETK.co provided by VIA under the directory of: libs\armeabi\ in Android project
- b. Add GPIO.java into Android project







Difficulties in accessing I/O devices in Android:



Linux Kernel background required

Hardware background required

Linux driver debugging skill required

Java and C/C++ programming skills required

In Summary: Device driver development is high cost and high risk

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What is Smart ETK

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What is Smart ETK



An embedded tool kit featuring a rich set of APIs, such as GPIO, audio and LAN, etc., which help to shorten development time and speed up time to market.



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Implementation of Smart ETK







Implementation of Smart ETK



Multi-threading, scalable

VS

JNI

Single task, complex syntax, faster than socket



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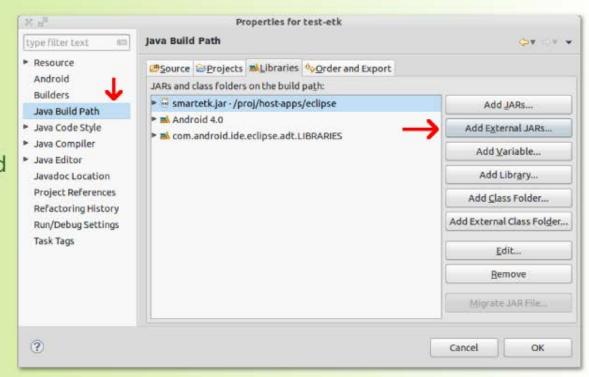
Application of Smart ETK







a. Import Smart ETK
On the properties page of Android
project, visit "Add External JARs..."
to import smartetk.jar into the
project.







Sample 1. Use Smart ETK to implement reading and writing GPIO device

b. Call APIs provided by Smart ETK in application layer programs import com.via.vepd.SmartETK; /* Declare variables to get GPIO6 values */ boolean[] bEnable = new boolean[1]; int[] nDirection = new int[1]; int[] nValue = new int[1]; GPIO gpio6 = new GPIO(6); gpio6.setEnable(true); gpio6.setDirection(GPIO.GM GPO); gpio6.setValue(1); gpio6.getEnable(bEnable); gpio6.getDirection(nDirection); gpio6.getValue(nValue);

Using Smart ETK Simple, Fast

No need to develop and test drivers

Elminates issue of APIs requiring system level authority.





Sample 2. Industrial Automation Example: Customer required to use an Android application to control a step motor as well as utilize a touch LCD panel to complete certain tasks

Android based arm board

Customer application

RS232



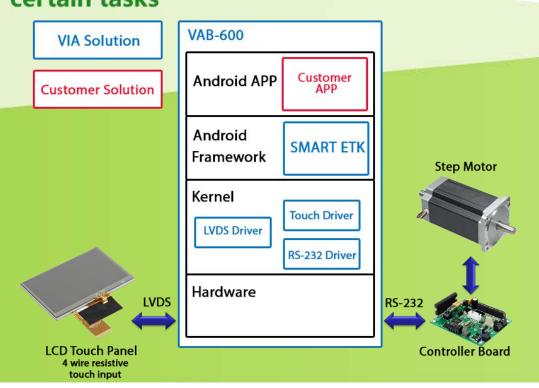


Sample 2. Industrial Automation Example:

Customer required to use an Android application to control

a step motor as well as utilize a touch LCD panel to complete

certain tasks







Smart ETK Advantages

With Smart ETK

- Application uses APIs in agreed style to control all peripheral devices, making it easy and convenient
- VAB-600+Smart ETK
 Low investment of human resources, increased product reliability

Without Smart ETK

- 1. Need to develop and modify drivers for all peripheral devices
- 2. Android BSP needs to be modified
- 3. Harder to integrate software and hardware

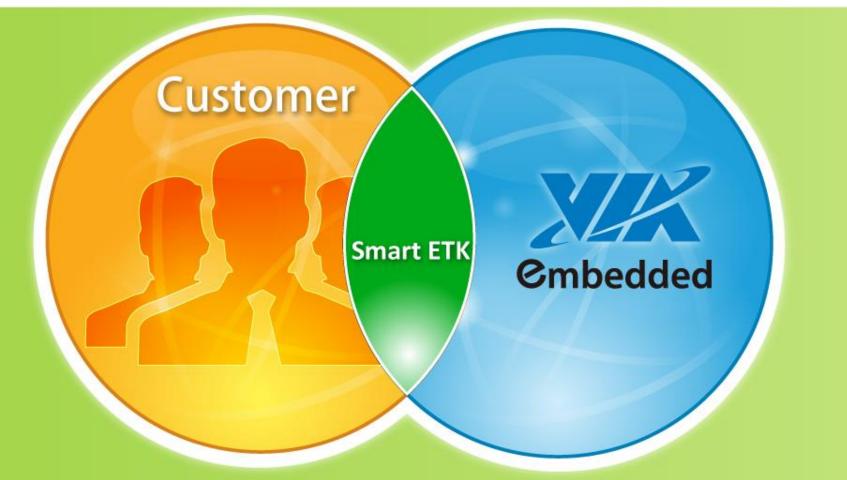








Creating Value for Both Sides

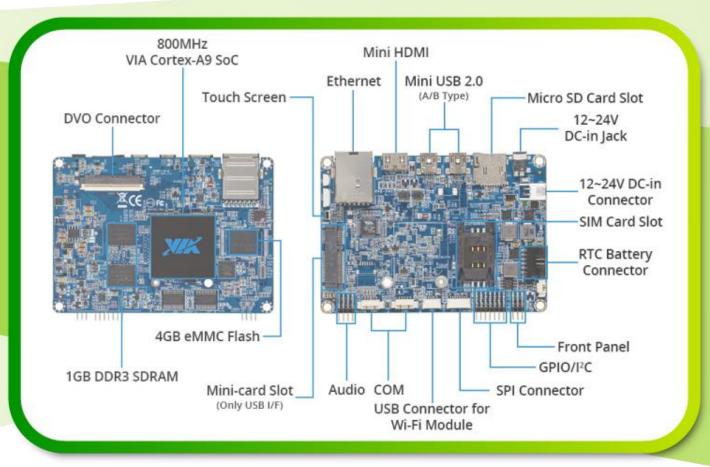


Smart ETK helps to reduce risk and cost of development



VAB-600

Ultra-compact 10cm x 7.2cm Pico-ITX form factor with rich I/O feature set

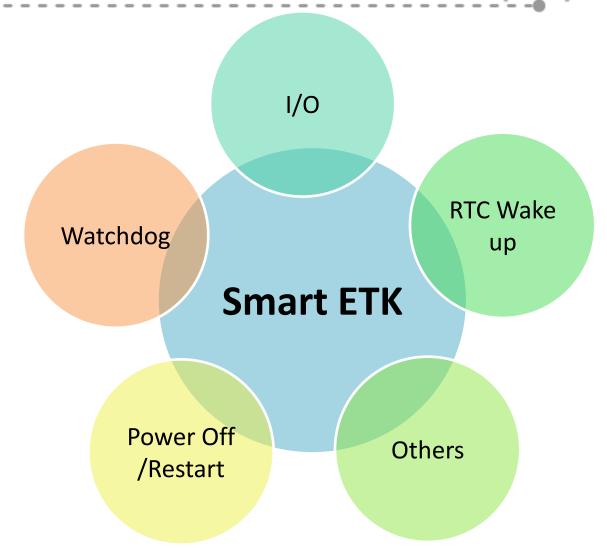


http://www.viaembedded.com/cn/boards-cn/pico-itx/vab-600/





Smart ETK Full Function Display





RTC Wake Up Function



Community Signage examples:

Android 4.0.3-based signage player

Automatic daily startup at 7:00

Automatic daily shutdown at 19:00





More functions

Open, standard

Future Smart ETK





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